

Problem Set 8

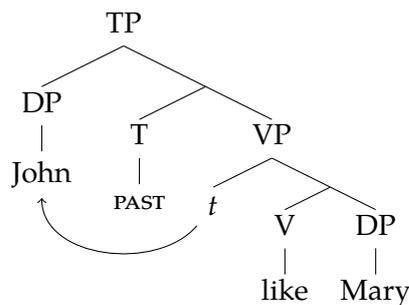
Due November 17 before class. Submit on IVLE > Files > Student Submission > PS8.

In this problem set, you will develop a new compositional approach to tense semantics, which resolves some of the problems identified in class.

Suppose we change all of our verbs so that they are of the form $\langle \dots, \langle i, t \rangle \rangle$, where i is the type for time intervals. For example, assume:

(1) $\llbracket \text{like} \rrbracket = \lambda x_e . \lambda y_e . \lambda I_i . y \text{ likes } x \text{ over the entire time interval } I$

- a. Compute truth conditions for *John liked Mary*, assuming the tree below. (Again, ignore how the verb gets to be pronounced *liked*.) Note that the entire TP should have type t . You will need to define $\llbracket \text{PAST} \rrbracket$. (You can refer to an infinitesimally short time interval called *now* in your definition for $\llbracket \text{PAST} \rrbracket$.)



- b. Propose a semantics for $\llbracket \text{yesterday} \rrbracket$ and compute truth conditions for the TP *John liked Mary yesterday*. Assume *yesterday* is adjoined to VP.
- c. Compute truth conditions for *John did not like Mary*. You will need to define $\llbracket \text{not} \rrbracket$.
- d. Consider the sentence *John did not like Mary yesterday*. What truth condition(s) does our proposal predict for this sentence?

Is this the truth conditions of the sentence?